



A Holistic, Innovative Framework for the Design,
Development and Orchestration of 5G-ready
Applications and Network Services over Sliced
Programmable Infrastructure

DELIVERABLE D1.3

VNF/PNF & VNF FORWARDING GRAPH METAMODEL

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1 Executive Summary

The MATILDA Project aims to provide a unified framework for designing, developing and orchestrating 5G-ready applications. Such ambitious framework must be tailored to respond to the expectations of different users, from application developers to infrastructure providers, which do not necessarily share the same domain knowledge, and may even have conflicting interests.

In this context, the development of a *lingua franca* is fundamental to allow all the users interact and collaborate to create a fruitful environment for not only technological development, but also new business creation.

In MATILDA, this is accomplished by defining **metamodels** for every message exchange. These metamodels work as templates that contain logical (and possibly nested) properties needed to organize the information about the deployment and operational behaviour requirements of services, components, applications etc in a unified way.

In particular, a subset of the MATILDA metamodels targets Network Services. As envisioned by the European Telecommunication Standards Institute (ETSI) [1], the metamodels related to Network Services are used in MATILDA to create a dynamic infrastructure, based on network functions virtualisation. The virtualisation of the resources enables ad-hoc provisioning and management of services, combined with extreme programmability as required in the upcoming 5G networks. Additionally, the resulting hardware and software decoupling is beneficial to decrease CAPEX/OPEX and increase market competitiveness.

MATILDA at the same time relies on and strengthens community efforts, by adopting the descriptors from the OSM community [2] as the basis for its network-related metamodels, whose main objective is to provide a uniform way to describe deployment and operational behaviour of network functions and network services and allow programmability in the lifecycle management of these components.

As defined by MATILDA architecture [3], they will allow developers, service providers and infrastructure providers to collaborate in software development by means of publishing software to the Marketplace. Moreover, MATILDA Slice Broker will use them to realize the slice intent issued by the Application Orchestrator by means of matching the network requirements compiled from the Application Graph and Component models with the Network Services present in the Telecommunication Service Provider catalogue.

This document presents an overall description of the metamodels required to specify a Network Service, more specifically, the Network Service Descriptor (NSD), Virtual Network Function Descriptor (VNFD), Physical Network Function Descriptor (PNFD), Virtual Network Function Forwarding Graph Descriptor (VNFFGD) and the Virtual Link Descriptor (VLD). It complements the work presented in the other work package 1 deliverables -in special the Reference Architecture in D1.1 [3] and the Slice Intent Metamodel in D1.4 [4]- and determine the base data structures for the implementation work that will be performed in work packages 2, 3 and 4.

2 Introduction

MATILDA Architecture [3] highlights two distinctive administrative zones involved in the creation of 5G-ready applications. The first administrative zone regards the “Application Orchestrator”, that usually resides with the vertical service provider and composes the top layer of the framework. This layer allows developers to easily create software components in a familiar way, by abstract some infrastructure implementation aspects, but still providing means of enforcing the proper provisioning of resources.

The second administrative zone regards the infrastructure provider, a role usually played by telecommunication companies, and composes the lower layer of the framework. This layer is responsible for slicing the available infrastructure and allocating the required network and computational resources for running the applications of each tenant in an isolated way.

The integration between those two layers is the responsibility of MATILDA’s Slice Broker, an entity capable of translating **slice intents** associated with the original **application graph** (as specified by the metamodels in D1.4 [5] and D1.2 [4]) into valid allocation requests to the Infrastructure Provider. In terms of network resources, slice intents are matched against a set of network services made available by the telecommunication company.

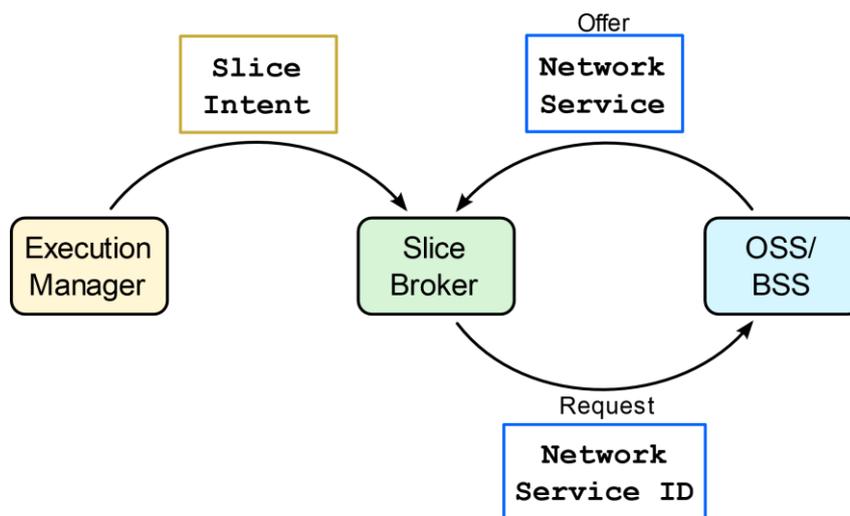


Figure 1: Slice Intent and Network Service matching by the Slice Broker

This process is illustrated in fig. 1 and requires the information about the network services to be organized according to **models** so the correct control details can flow between the Slice Broker and the telecommunication company operations and business support systems (OSS/BSS). Moreover, to have consistency between those entities, it is necessary to define a set of rules about how to write those modes. For each model the set of rules is also known as **metamodel**

Additionally, MATILDA relies on the same models and metamodels to enable code sharing and collaboration within the community. When published to MATILDA Marketplace, network service models (and all the related constituents sub-models) can be adopted by the telecommunication companies, improving the availability of products and new features for their infrastructure.

In order to lower the barriers of adoption and contribute to 5G environment, the concept of Network Service (NS) in MATILDA, and therefore the related metamodels, derives directly from ETSI specification [1]. More precisely, MATILDA relies as much as possible in the Open Source MANO project [6] augmented descriptors -since those are the *de facto* standards, not only being supported and promoted by ETSI but also counting with a series of practical demonstrations that provide industrial-level implementation and validation- adding extra fields related to specific business logic.

3 Network-related Metamodels Overview

The following sections present a high-level description of these metamodels, discuss about the underlying data structures and details their implementation.

3.1 Network Service Descriptor

In MATILDA, the top-level metamodel regarding infrastructure provided by telecommunication companies is the Network Service Descriptor (NSD). This metamodel abstracts chains of network functions (i.e. functional blocks that compose the network and have well-defined external interfaces, usually performing some kind of operation or transformation with the data flow) while providing important information for the infrastructure orchestrator.

The NSD specify a template from which instances of the same network service can be created but changing the input parameters. It contains the service description, including SLAs, deployment flavours, references to the virtual links, the constituent network functions, and to the forwarding graph that describes the data flow between them. Monitoring parameters and placement and scaling options can also be specified to instruct the infrastructure orchestrator.

Within the infrastructure provider administrative zone of MATILDA, network services are used to provide interconnectivity between application components or user equipment in physically separated locations, realizing a network slice.

3.2 Virtual Network Function Descriptor

The Virtual Network Function Descriptor (VNFD) specify not only how a single network function can be deployed in a virtualised environment, but also how it should be managed overtime. Moreover, this descriptor enumerates all the external interfaces exposed by the VNF, so service chains can be created.

It contains the VNF description and -since VNFs can be composed by separated software units- includes its internal decomposition in Virtual Network Function Components (VNFCs -also known as virtual deployment units, VDUs- usually virtual machine or container images), deployment flavours and references to the virtual links (internal or external).

Additionally, it also contain a series of configuration scripts that are required for life-cycle management and their arbitrary input parameters. Computation resources are listed and similarly to the NSD, monitoring, placement and scaling options can be specified.

3.3 Physical Network Function Descriptor

The Physical Network Function Descriptor (PNFD) specify how a physical equipment that implements a network function can be connected to a chain of other network functions

(virtualised or not). This metamodel is very similar to the VNFD and have similar purposes, but it is used to describe physical network functions and not virtual, so properties required for supporting virtualisation are suppressed.

The PNF focus on the external interfaces required by the physical equipment and does not support placement and scaling options.

3.4 Virtual Link Descriptor

The Virtual Link Descriptor (VLD) contains the description of the virtual network links that compose the service, abstracting the interconnectivity between two different network functions (or VDUs). It also contains requirements about the network and stores information about the endpoints and type of connection.

3.5 VNF Forwarding Graph Descriptor

The VNF Forwarding Graph Descriptor (VNFFGD) describes the topology of the network service, by referencing network functions and virtual links. It contains the NS constituent VNFs, as well as their deployment in terms of network connectivity information.

The VNFFGD allows the specification of classification rules, so the data traffic can be steered through the rendered service path (RSP).

4 Data Structure and Modelling Language

For a proper organization of the information, MATILDA -in compliance with ETSI [1]- makes use of a tree data structure, which follows the standard XML approach¹ [7] for NSD and associated metamodels. In this data structure, each node has a name that identifies it, and can be seen as either a **leaf** node (when a value is provided) or a **container** node (when it contains one or more **children nodes**). Usually, leaf nodes are seen (and referred to as) properties of their parent nodes and must follow a specific computational **type**.

Since, a XML-inspired tree data structure can be arbitrarily flexible, YANG modules [8] are used to shape the format of this tree. These modules are the main subject of this deliverable and are available in the [source code repository](#). Modules, in the context of YANG, are the primary organization unit that define the nodes that should be attached to the root node of the tree data structure. Inside each module, nodes can define its own children and properties.

Interestingly, YANG also enables the usage of **list** and **leaflist** nodes, using XML native features. These special nodes happen when containers and leaves (respectively) share the same name. YANG also allows referencing using XPath [9] expressions.

¹ Despite of following the XML approach, the models do not have to be necessarily serialized using the XML language.



5 Metamodels

The following subsections describe in detail the aforementioned tree data structure, as organized in the YANG modules. In most of the cases, the description provided is directly derived from the OSM Information Model [2] [10], as produced by the original authors, having been extracted via compilation. Modifications regarding MATILDA-specific business logic and decoupling from OSM implementation details were performed. The defined models are stored in the [Gitlab repository](#) [11]

5.1 Module: *nsd*

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
<code>nsd-catalog</code>		See: nsd:nsd-catalog

5.1.1 *nsd:nsd-catalog*

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
<code>nsd</code>	<code>list[1..N]</code>	See: nsd:nsd
<code>schema-version</code>	<code>string</code> default: 'v3.0'	Schema version for the NSD. If unspecified, it assumes v3.0

nsd:nsd

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
<code>category</code>	<code>string[1..N]</code>	List of categories that can be used to group NS services providing similar features, e.g. firewalling , VPN , lawful-inspection , ids/ips .
<code>connection-point</code>	<code>list[1..N]</code>	List for external connection points. Each NS has one or more external connection points. As the name implies that external connection points are used for connecting the NS to other NS or to external networks. Each NS exposes these connection points to the orchestrator. The orchestrator can construct network service chains by connecting the connection points between different NS. See: nsd-base:connection-point
<code>constituent-vnfd</code>	<code>list[1..N]</code>	List of VNFDs that are part of this network service. See: nsd:constituent-vnfd
<code>description</code>	<code>string</code>	Description of the NSD.
<code>id</code>	<code>string</code> length: (1, 63)	Identifier for the NSD.



initial-service-primitive	list[1...N]	Initial set of service primitives for NSD. See: nsd-base:initial-service-primitive
input-parameter-xpath	list[1...N]	List of xpaths to parameters inside the NSD the can be customized during the instantiation. See: manotypes:input-parameter-xpath
ip-profiles	list[1...N]	List of IP Profiles. IP Profile describes the IP characteristics for the Virtual-Link See: manotypes:ip-profiles
key-pair	list[1...N]	Used to configure the list of public keys to be injected as part of ns instantiation See: nsd-base:key-pair
license		Software license applied to the network service See: nsd-base:license
logical-type	string	Different network services can be implemented in different ways, but perform basically a similar job with equivalent logical operations and similar connectivity. This field should be used to identify a high-level type that abstract the chosen implementation, allowing similar network services to be identified.
logo	string	File path for the vendor specific logo. For example icons/mylogo.png. The logo should be part of the network service
monitoring-param	list[1...N]	See: nsd:monitoring-param
name	string	NSD name.
parameter-pool	list[1...N]	Pool of parameter values which must be pulled from during configuration See: nsd-base:parameter-pool
placement-groups	list[1...N]	List of placement groups at NS level See: nsd:placement-groups
scaling-group-descriptor	list[1...N]	scaling group descriptor within this network service. The scaling group defines a group of VNFs, and the ratio of VNFs in the network service that is used as target for scaling action See: nsd-base:scaling-group-descriptor
service-primitive	list[1...N]	Network service level service primitives. See: nsd:service-primitive
short-name	string	Short name to appear as label in the UI
terminate-service-primitive	list[1...N]	Set of service primitives during termination for NSD. See: nsd-base:terminate-service-primitive
user	list[1...N]	List of users to be added through cloud-config See: nsd-base:user
vendor	string	Vendor of the NSD.



version	string	Version of the NSD
vld	list[1...N]	See: nsd:vld
vnf-dependency	list[1...N]	List of VNF dependencies. See: nsd:vnf-dependency
vnffgd	list[1...N]	List of VNF Forwarding Graph Descriptors (VNFFGD). See: nsd-base:vnffgd

nsd-base:connection-point

List for external connection points. Each NS has one or more external connection points. As the name implies that external connection points are used for connecting the NS to other NS or to external networks. Each NS exposes these connection points to the orchestrator. The orchestrator can construct network service chains by connecting the connection points between different NS.

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
name	string	Name of the NS connection point.
type	connection-point-type	Type of the connection point. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • VPORT: Virtual Port • VNIC_ADDR: Virtual NIC Address • PNIC_ADDR: Physical NIC Address • PPORT: Physical Port.

nsd:constituent-vnfd

List of VNFDs that are part of this network service.

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
member-vnf-index	uint64	Identifier/index for the VNFD. This separate id is required to ensure that multiple VNFs can be part of single NS
start-by-default	boolean default: 'true'	VNFD is started as part of the NS instantiation
vnfd-id-ref	leafref	Identifier for the VNFD. '/vnfd:vnfd-catalog/vnfd:vnfd/vnfd:id'

nsd-base:initial-service-primitive

Initial set of service primitives for NSD.

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
name	string	Name of the configuration primitive.
parameter	list[1...N]	See: manotypes:parameter



seq	uint64	Sequence number for the configuration primitive.
user-defined-script	string	A user defined script.

manotypes:parameter

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
name	string	Name of the configuration parameter.
value	string	Value of the configuration primitive.

manotypes:input-parameter-xpath

List of xpaths to parameters inside the NSD the can be customized during the instantiation.

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
default-value	string	Default Value for the Input Parameter
label	string	A descriptive string
xpath	string	An xpath that specifies the element in a descriptor.

manotypes:ip-profiles

List of IP Profiles. IP Profile describes the IP characteristics for the Virtual-Link

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
description	string	Description for IP profile
ip-profile-params		See: manotypes:ip-profile-params
name	string	Name of the IP-Profile

manotypes:ip-profile-params

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
dhcp-params		See: manotypes:dhcp-params
dns-server	list[1..N]	See: manotypes:dns-server
gateway-address	ip-address	IP Address of the default gateway associated with IP Profile
ip-version	ip-version default: 'ipv4'	Possible values: unknown , ipv4 and ipv6
security-group	string	Name of the security group
subnet-address	ip-prefix	Subnet IP prefix associated with IP Profile
subnet-prefix-pool	string	VIM Specific reference to pre-created subnet prefix



manotypes:dhcp-params

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
count	uint32	Size of the DHCP pool associated with DHCP domain
enabled	boolean default: 'true'	This flag indicates if DHCP is enabled or not
start-address	ip-address	Start IP address of the IP-Address range associated with DHCP domain

manotypes:dns-server

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
address	ip-address	List of DNS Servers associated with IP Profile

nsd-base:key-pair

Used to configure the list of public keys to be injected as part of ns instantiation

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
key	string	Key associated with this key pair
name	string	Name of this key pair

nsd-base:license

Software license applied to the network service

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
notice	string	Text indicating the license under which the software used by the NS is released. Usually contains a short note and a reference (e.g. URL) to the complete document. For example, when using the open source license MPLv2, the author may consider including: This Source Code Form is subject to the terms of the Mozilla Public License, v. 2.0. If a copy of the MPL was not distributed with this file, You can obtain one at https://mozilla.org/MPL/2.0/ .
short-id	string	Short identifier related to the license type, as listed in the tl:dr legal website. For example: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> agp13 apache2



- `artistic-2.0`
- `bsd3`
- `cc0-1.0`
- `custom`
- `ep1`
- `freebsd`
- `gpl-2.0`
- `gpl-3.0`
- `isc`
- `lgpl-2.1`
- `lgpl-3.0`
- `mit`
- `mpl-2.0`
- `opensource`
- `proprietary`
- `public-domain`

O.B.S.: `proprietary`, `opensource` and `custom` values allow a very flexible usage for this field, but should be complemented with an explicative text **notice**.

nsd:monitoring-param

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
<code>aggregation-type</code>	<code>aggregation-type</code>	Possible values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • AVERAGE • MINIMUM • MAXIMUM • COUNT • SUM
<code>description</code>	<code>string</code>	
<code>group-tag</code>	<code>string</code>	A tag to group monitoring parameters
<code>id</code>	<code>string</code>	
<code>name</code>	<code>string</code>	
<code>numeric-constraints</code>		See: manotypes:numeric-constraints
<code>text-constraints</code>		See: manotypes:text-constraints
<code>units</code>	<code>string</code>	Measured Counter Units (e.g., Packets, Kbps, Mbps, etc.)
<code>value-decimal</code>	<code>decimal64</code>	Current value for a decimal parameter
<code>value-integer</code>	<code>int64</code>	Current value for an integer parameter



value-string	string	Current value for a string parameter
value-type	param-value-type default: 'INT'	The type of the parameter value: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • INT • DECIMAL • STRING
vnfd-monitoring-param	list[1...N]	A list of VNFD monitoring params See: nsd:vnfd-monitoring-param
widget-type	widget-type default: 'COUNTER'	Defines the UI Display variant of measured counters.

manotypes:numeric-constraints

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
max-value	uint64	Maximum value for the parameter
min-value	uint64	Minimum value for the parameter

manotypes:text-constraints

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
max-length	uint8	Maximum string length for the parameter
min-length	uint8	Minimum string length for the parameter

nsd:vnfd-monitoring-param

A list of VNFD monitoring params

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
member-vnf-index-ref	leafref	Mandatory reference to member-vnf within constituent-vnfd '../..../constituent-vnfd/member-vnf-index'
vnfd-id-ref	leafref	A reference to a VNFD. This is a leafref '../..../constituent-vnfd[member-vnf-index = current()]/../member-vnf-index-ref/vnfd-id-ref'
vnfd-monitoring-param-ref	leafref	A reference to the VNFD monitoring param '/vnfd:vnfd-catalog/vnfd:vnfd[vnfd:id = current()]/../vnfd-id-ref/vnfd:monitoring-param/vnfd:id'

nsd-base:parameter-pool

Pool of parameter values which must be pulled from during configuration

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
-------	------	-------------



name	string	Name of the configuration value pool
range		Create a range of values to populate the pool with See: nsd-base:range

nsd-base:range

Create a range of values to populate the pool with

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
end-value	uint32	Generated pool values stop at this value
start-value	uint32	Generated pool values start at this value

nsd:placement-groups

List of placement groups at NS level

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
member-vnfd	list[1...N]	List of VNFDs that are part of this placement group See: nsd:member-vnfd
name	string	Place group construct to define the compute resource placement strategy in cloud environment
requirement	string	This is free text space used to describe the intent/rationale behind this placement group. This is for human consumption only
strategy	enumeration default: ' COLOCATION '	Strategy associated with this placement group Following values are possible: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> COLOCATION: Colocation strategy imply intent to share the physical infrastructure (hypervisor/network) among all members of this group. ISOLATION: Isolation strategy imply intent to not share the physical infrastructure (hypervisor/network) among the members of this group.

nsd:member-vnfd

List of VNFDs that are part of this placement group

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
member-vnf-index-ref	leafref	Member VNF index of this member VNF ' ../..../constituent-vnfd/member-vnf-index '
vnfd-id-ref	leafref	Identifier for the VNFD. ' ../..../constituent-vnfd[member-vnf-index = current()../member-vnf-index-ref]/vnfd-id-ref '



nsd-base:scaling-group-descriptor

scaling group descriptor within this network service. The scaling group defines a group of VNFs, and the ratio of VNFs in the network service that is used as target for scaling action

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
max-instance-count	uint32 default: '10'	Maximum instances of this scaling group that are allowed in a single network service. The network service scaling will fail, when the number of service group instances exceed the max-instance-count specified.
min-instance-count	uint32 default: '0'	Minimum instances of the scaling group which are allowed. These instances are created by default when the network service is instantiated.
name	string	Name of this scaling group.
scaling-config-action	list[1...N]	List of scaling config actions See: nsd-base:scaling-config-action
scaling-policy	list[1...N]	See: nsd-base:scaling-policy
vnfd-member	list[1...N]	List of VNFs in this scaling group See: nsd-base:vnfd-member

nsd-base:scaling-config-action

List of scaling config actions

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
ns-service-primitive-name-ref	leafref	Reference to the NS service primitive '../../../../service-primitive/name'
trigger	scaling-trigger	scaling trigger

nsd-base:scaling-policy

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
cooldown-time	uint32	The duration after a scaling-in/scaling-out action has been triggered, for which there will be no further optional
enabled	boolean default: 'true'	Specifies if the scaling policy can be applied
name	string	Name of the scaling policy



scale-in-operation-type	scaling-criteria-operation default: 'AND'	Operation to be applied to check between scaling criteria to check if the scale in threshold condition has been met. Defaults to AND
scale-out-operation-type	scaling-criteria-operation default: 'OR'	Operation to be applied to check between scaling criteria to check if the scale out threshold condition has been met. Defaults to OR
scaling-criteria	list[1...N]	list of conditions to be met for generating scaling requests See: nsd-base:scaling-criteria
scaling-type	scaling-policy-type	Type of scaling
threshold-time	uint32	The duration for which the criteria must hold true

nsd-base:scaling-criteria

list of conditions to be met for generating scaling requests

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
name	string	
ns-monitoring-param-ref	leafref	Reference to the NS level monitoring parameter that is aggregated '../../../../monitoring-param/id'
scale-in-threshold	uint64	Value below which scale-in requests are generated
scale-out-threshold	uint64	Value above which scale-out requests are generated

nsd-base:vnfd-member

List of VNFs in this scaling group

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
count	uint32 default: '1'	count of this member VNF within this scaling group. The count allows to define the number of instances when a scaling action targets this scaling group
member-vnf-index-ref	leafref	member VNF index of this member VNF '../../../../constituent-vnfd/member-vnf-index'

nsd:service-primitive

Network service level service primitives.

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
name	string	Name of the service primitive.
parameter	list[1...N]	List of parameters for the service primitive.



		See: nsd:parameter
parameter-group	list[1...N]	Grouping of parameters which are logically grouped in UI See: manotypes:parameter-group
user-defined-script	string	A user defined script.
vnf-primitive-group	list[1...N]	List of service primitives grouped by VNF. See: nsd:vnf-primitive-group

nsd:parameter

List of parameters for the service primitive.

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
data-type	parameter-data-type	Data type associated with the name.
default-value	string	The default value for this field
hidden	boolean default: 'false'	The value should be hidden by the UI. Only applies to parameters with default values.
mandatory	boolean default: 'false'	Is this field mandatory
name	string	Name of the parameter.
parameter-pool	string	NSD parameter pool name to use for this parameter
read-only	boolean default: 'false'	The value should be dimmed by the UI. Only applies to parameters with default values.

manotypes:parameter-group

Grouping of parameters which are logically grouped in UI

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
mandatory	boolean default: 'true'	Is this parameter group mandatory
name	string	Name of the parameter group
parameter	list[1...N]	List of parameters for the service primitive. See: manotypes:parameter

nsd:vnf-primitive-group

List of service primitives grouped by VNF.

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
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member-vnf-index-ref	leafref	Reference to member-vnf within constituent-vnfd '../..../constituent-vnfd/member-vnf-index'
primitive	list[1..N]	See: nsd:primitive
vnfd-id-ref	leafref	A reference to a VNFD. This is a leafref '../..../constituent-vnfd[member-vnf-index = current()]/../member-vnf-index-ref]/vnfd-id-ref'
vnfd-name	leafref	Name of the VNFD '/vnfd:vnfd-catalog/vnfd:vnfd[vnfd:id = current()]/../vnfd-id-ref]/vnfd:name'

nsd:primitive

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
index	uint32	Index of this primitive
name	string	Name of the primitive in the VNF primitive

nsd-base:terminate-service-primitive

Set of service primitives during termination for NSD.

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
name	string	Name of the configuration primitive.
parameter	list[1..N]	See: manotypes:parameter
seq	uint64	Sequence number for the configuration primitive.
user-defined-script	string	A user defined script.

nsd-base:user

List of users to be added through cloud-config

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
key-pair	list[1..N]	Used to configure the list of public keys to be injected as part of ns instantiation See: nsd-base:key-pair
name	string	Name of the user
user-info	string	The user name's real name

nsd:vld

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
description	string	Description of the VLD.



id	string	Identifier for the VLD.
leaf-bandwidth	uint64	For ELAN this is the bandwidth of branches.
mgmt-network	boolean default: 'false'	Flag indicating whether this network is a VIM management network
name	string	Virtual Link Descriptor (VLD) name.
provider-network		Container for the provider network. See: manotypes:provider-network
root-bandwidth	uint64	For ELAN this is the aggregate bandwidth.
short-name	string	Short name to appear as label in the UI
type	virtual-link-type	Type of virtual link. Possible values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ELAN: A multipoint service connecting a set of VNFs • ELINE: For a simple point to point connection between a VNF and the existing network. • ETREE: A multipoint service connecting one or more roots and a set of leaves, but preventing inter-leaf communication.
vendor	string	Provider of the VLD.
version	string	Version of the VLD
vnfd-connection-point-ref	list[1...N]	A list of references to connection points. See: nsd:vnfd-connection-point-ref

Deviation: `init-params`

Extra parameters for VLD instantiation

Depending on the value of `init-params`, `vld` may have additional fields.

When `init-params` is `'vim-network-profile'`

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
ip-profile-ref	leafref	Named reference to IP-profile object '../..//ip-profiles/name'

When `init-params` is `'vim-network-ref'`

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
vim-network-name	string	Name of network in VIM account. This is used to indicate pre-provisioned network name in cloud account.

manotypes:provider-network

Container for the provider network.



The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
physical-network	string	Name of the physical network on which the provider network is built.
segmentation_id	uint32	ID of segregated virtual networks

nsd:vnfd-connection-point-ref

A list of references to connection points.

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
ip-address	ip-address	IP address of the connection point
member-vnf-index-ref	leafref	Reference to member-vnf within constituent-vnfd '../..../constituent-vnfd/member-vnf-index'
vnfd-connection-point-ref	leafref	A reference to a connection point name '/vnfd:vnfd-catalog/vnfd:vnfd[vnfd:id = current()]/../vnfd-id-ref]/vnfd:connection-point/vnfd:name'
vnfd-id-ref	leafref	A reference to a VNFD '../..../constituent-vnfd[member-vnf-index = current()]/../member-vnf-index-ref]/vnfd-id-ref'

nsd:vnf-dependency

List of VNF dependencies.

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
vnf-depends-on-ref	leafref	Reference to VNF that source VNF depends. '/vnfd:vnfd-catalog/vnfd:vnfd/vnfd:id'
vnf-source-ref	leafref	'/vnfd:vnfd-catalog/vnfd:vnfd/vnfd:id'

nsd-base:vnffgd

List of VNF Forwarding Graph Descriptors (VNFFGD).

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
classifier	list[1...N]	List of classifier rules. See: nsd-base:classifier
description	string	Description of the VNFFGD.
id	string	Identifier for the VNFFGD.
name	string	VNFFGD name.
rsp	list[1...N]	List of Rendered Service Paths (RSP). See: nsd-base:rsp



short-name	string	Short name to appear as label in the UI
vendor	string	Provider of the VNFFGD.
version	string	Version of the VNFFGD

nsd-base:classifier

List of classifier rules.

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
id	string	Identifier for the classifier rule.
match-attributes	list[1...N]	List of match attributes. See: nsd-base:match-attributes
member-vnf-index-ref	leafref	Reference to member-vnf within constituent-vnfd '../..../constituent-vnfd/member-vnf-index'
name	string	Name of the classifier.
rsp-id-ref	leafref	A reference to the RSP. '../..../rsp/id'
vnfd-connection-point-ref	string	A reference to a connection point name in a vnfd.
vnfd-id-ref	leafref	A reference to a vnfd. '../..../constituent-vnfd[member-vnf-index = current()]/../member-vnf-index-ref/vnfd-id-ref'

nsd-base:match-attributes

List of match attributes.

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
destination-ip-address	ip-address	Destination IP address.
destination-port	port-number	Destination port number.
id	string	Identifier for the classifier match attribute rule.
ip-proto	uint8	IP Protocol.
source-ip-address	ip-address	Source IP address.
source-port	port-number	Source port number.

nsd-base:rsp

List of Rendered Service Paths (RSP).

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
id	string	Identifier for the RSP.
name	string	RSP name.



vnfd-connection-point-ref	list[1...N]	A list of references to connection points. See: nsd-base:vnfd-connection-point-ref
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nsd-base:vnfd-connection-point-ref

A list of references to connection points.

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
member-vnf-index-ref	leafref	Reference to member-vnf within constituent-vnfd '../../../../constituent-vnfd/member-vnf-index'
order	uint8	A number that denotes the order of a VNF in a chain
vnfd-connection-point-ref	string	A reference to a connection point name in a vnfd.
vnfd-id-ref	leafref	A reference to a vnfd. '../../../../constituent-vnfd[member-vnf-index = current()/../member-vnf-index-ref]/vnfd-id-ref'

5.2 Module: vnfd

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
vnfd-catalog		Virtual Network Function Descriptor (VNFD). See: vnfd:vnfd-catalog

5.2.1 vnfd:vnfd-catalog

Virtual Network Function Descriptor (VNFD).

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
schema-version	string default: 'v3.0'	Schema version for the VNFD. If unspecified, it assumes v3.0
vnfd	list[1...N]	See: vnfd:vnfd

vnfd:vnfd

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
category	string[1...N]	List of categories that can be used to group VNFs providing similar features, e.g. security, cache, load-balancing, ...
connection-point	list[1...N]	List for external connection points. Each VNF has one or more external connection points that connect the VNF to other VNFs or to external networks. Each VNF exposes connection points to the orchestrator, which can construct network services by connecting the



connection points between different VNFs. The NFVO will use VLDs and VNFFGs at the network service level to construct network services.

See: [vnfd-base:connection-point](#)

description	string	Description of the VNFD.
http-endpoint	list[1...N]	List of http endpoints to be used by monitoring params See: manotypes:http-endpoint
id	string length: (1, 63)	Identifier for the VNFD.
internal-vld	list[1...N]	List of Internal Virtual Link Descriptors (VLD). The internal VLD describes the basic topology of the connectivity such as E-LAN, E-Line, E-Tree. between internal VNF components of the system. See: vnfd-base:internal-vld
ip-profiles	list[1...N]	List of IP Profiles. IP Profile describes the IP characteristics for the Virtual-Link See: manotypes:ip-profiles
license		Software license applied to the VNF See: vnfd-base:license
logical-type	string	Different network functions can be implemented in different ways, but perform basically equivalent logical operations. This field should be used to identify a high-level type that abstract the chosen implementation, allowing similar VNFs to be identified. Examples: firewall, cdn, ids, sbc, cpe, reverse-proxy ...
logo	string	Vendor logo for the Virtual Network Function
mgmt-interface		Interface over which the VNF is managed. See: vnfd-base:mgmt-interface
monitoring-param	list[1...N]	List of monitoring parameters at the network service level See: manotypes:monitoring-param
name	string	VNFD name.
operational-status	vnf-operational-status	The operational status of the VNF <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • init : The VNF has just started. • running : The VNF is active in VM • upgrading : The VNF is being upgraded (EXPERIMENTAL) • terminate : The VNF is being terminated • terminated : The VNF is in the terminated state. • failed : The VNF instantiation failed.
placement-groups	list[1...N]	List of placement groups at VNF level See: vnfd-base:placement-groups



service-function-chain	enumeration default: 'UNAWARE'	Type of node in Service Function Chaining Architecture
service-function-type	string	Type of Service Function. NOTE: This needs to map with Service Function Type in ODL to support VNFFG. Service Function Type is mandatory param in ODL SFC.
short-name	string	Short name to appear as label in the UI
vdu	list[1...N]	List of Virtual Deployment Units See: vnfd-base:vdu
vdu-dependency	list[1...N]	List of VDU dependencies. See: vnfd-base:vdu-dependency
vendor	string	Vendor of the VNFD.
version	string	Version of the VNFD
vnf-configuration		See: vnfd-base:vnf-configuration

vnfd-base:connection-point

List for external connection points. Each VNF has one or more external connection points that connect the VNF to other VNFs or to external networks. Each VNF exposes connection points to the orchestrator, which can construct network services by connecting the connection points between different VNFs. The NFVO will use VLDs and VNFFGs at the network service level to construct network services.

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
id	string	Identifier for the internal connection points
name	string	Name of the connection point
port-security-enabled	boolean	Enables the port security for the port
short-name	string	Short name to appear as label in the UI
type	connection-point-type	Type of the connection point.

manotypes:http-endpoint

List of http endpoints to be used by monitoring params

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
headers	list[1...N]	Custom HTTP headers to put on HTTP request See: manotypes:headers
https	boolean	Pick HTTPS instead of HTTP , Default is false

	default: 'false'	
method	http-method default: 'GET'	Method that the URI should perform. Default action is GET.
password	string	The HTTP basic auth password
path	string	The HTTP path on the management server
polling-interval-secs	uint8 default: '2'	The HTTP polling interval in seconds
port	port-number	The HTTP port to connect to
username	string	The HTTP basic auth username

manotypes:headers

Custom HTTP headers to put on HTTP request

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
key	string	HTTP header key
value	string	HTTP header value

vnfd-base:internal-vld

List of Internal Virtual Link Descriptors (VLD). The internal VLD describes the basic topology of the connectivity such as E-LAN, E-Line, E-Tree. between internal VNF components of the system.

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
description	string	Text describing the VLD
id	string	Identifier for the VLD
internal-connection-point	list[1...N]	List of internal connection points in this VLD See: vnfd-base:internal-connection-point
leaf-bandwidth	uint64	For ELAN this is the bandwidth of branches.
name	string	Name of the internal VLD
provider-network		Container for the provider network. See: manotypes:provider-network
root-bandwidth	uint64	For ELAN this is the aggregate bandwidth.
short-name	string	Short name to appear as label in the UI
type	virtual-link-type	Type of virtual link. Possible values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ELAN: A multipoint service connecting a set of VNFs ELINE: For a simple point to point connection between a VNF and the existing network.



- **ETREE:** A multipoint service connecting one or more roots and a set of leaves, but preventing inter-leaf communication.

Deviation: init-params

Extra parameters for VLD instantiation

Depending on the value of **init-params**, **internal-vld** may have additional fields.

When init-params is 'vim-network-profile'

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
ip-profile-ref	string	Named reference to IP-profile object

When init-params is 'vim-network-ref'

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
vim-network-name	string	Name of network in VIM account. This is used to indicate pre-provisioned network name in cloud account.

vnfd-base:internal-connection-point

List of internal connection points in this VLD

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
id-ref	leafref	reference to the internal connection point id '../../vdu/internal-connection-point/id'
ip-address	ip-address	IP address of the internal connection point

vnfd-base:license

Software license applied to the VNF

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
notice	string	Text indicating the license under which the software used by the VNF is released. Usually contains a short note and a reference (e.g. URL) to the complete document. For example, when using the open source license MPLv2, the author may consider including: This Source Code Form is subject to the terms of the Mozilla Public License, v. 2.0. If a copy of the MPL was not distributed with this file, You can obtain one at https://mozilla.org/MPL/2.0/ .



short-id	string	Short identifier related to the license type, as listed in the tl;dr legal website. For example: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • agpl3 • apache2 • artistic-2.0 • bsd3 • cc0-1.0 • custom • epl • freebsd • gpl-2.0 • gpl-3.0 • isc • lgpl-2.1 • lgpl-3.0 • mit • mpl-2.0 • opensource • proprietary • public-domain O.B.S.: proprietary , opensource and custom values allow a very flexible usage for this field, but should be complemented with an explicative text notice .
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vnfd-base:mgmt-interface

Interface over which the VNF is managed.

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
dashboard-params		Parameters for the VNF dashboard See: vnfd-base:dashboard-params
port	port-number	Port for the management interface.

vnfd-base:dashboard-params

Parameters for the VNF dashboard

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
https	boolean	Pick HTTPS instead of HTTP , Default is false
path	string	The HTTP path for the dashboard
port	port-number	The HTTP port for the dashboard

Deviation: endpoint-type



Indicates the type of management endpoint.

Depending on the value of **endpoint-type**, **mgmt-interface** may have additional fields.

When endpoint-type is 'cp'

Use the ip address associated with this connection point. This cp is then considered as management.

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
cp	leafref	'../..connection-point/name'

When endpoint-type is 'ip'

Specifies the static IP address for managing the VNF.

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
ip-address	ip-address	The ip-address type represents an IP address and is IP version neutral. The format of the textual representations implies the IP version.

When endpoint-type is 'vdu-id'

Use the default management interface on this VDU.

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
vdu-id	leafref	'../..vdu/id'

manotypes:monitoring-param

List of monitoring parameters at the network service level

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
description	string	
group-tag	string	A tag to group monitoring parameters
http-endpoint-ref	leafref	'../..http-endpoint/path'
id	string	
json-query-method	json-query-method default: 'NAMEKEY'	The method to extract a value from a JSON response <ul style="list-style-type: none"> NAMEKEY - Use the name as the key for a non-nested value. JSONPATH - Use jsonpath-rw implementation to extract a value. OBJECTPATH - Use objectpath implementation to extract a value.



json-query-params		See: manotypes:json-query-params
name	string	Name identifying the monitoring parameter
numeric-constraints		See: manotypes:numeric-constraints
text-constraints		See: manotypes:text-constraints
units	string	Measured Counter Units (e.g., Packets, Kbps, Mbps, etc.)
value-decimal	decimal64	Current value for a decimal parameter
value-integer	int64	Current value for an integer parameter
value-string	string	Current value for a string parameter
value-type	param-value-type default: 'INT'	The type of the parameter value: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • INT • DECIMAL • STRING
widget-type	widget-type default: 'COUNTER'	Defines the UI Display variant of measured counters.

manotypes:json-query-params

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
json-path	string	The jsonpath to use to extract value from JSON structure
object-path	string	The objectpath to use to extract value from JSON structure

vnfd-base:placement-groups

List of placement groups at VNF level

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
member-vdus	list[1...N]	List of VDUs that are part of this placement group See: vnfd-base:member-vdus
name	string	Place group construct to define the compute resource placement strategy in cloud environment
requirement	string	This is free text space used to describe the intent/rationale behind this placement group. This is for human consumption only
strategy	enumeration default: 'COLOCATION'	Strategy associated with this placement group Following values are possible: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • COLOCATION: Colocation strategy imply intent to share the physical infrastructure (hypervisor/network) among all members of this group.



- **ISOLATION:** Isolation strategy imply intent to not share the physical infrastructure (hypervisor/network) among the members of this group.

vnfd-base:member-vdus

List of VDUs that are part of this placement group

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
<code>member-vdu-ref</code>	<code>leafref</code>	'../..../vdu/id'

vnfd-base:vdu

List of Virtual Deployment Units

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
<code>alarm</code>	<code>list[1...N]</code>	See: vnfd-base:alarm
<code>alternative-images</code>	<code>list[1...N]</code>	List of alternative images per VIM type. Different images can be used for specific types of VIMs instead of the default image. This allows deployments in sites where the image identifier in the VIM is given by the VIM provider and cannot be modified. If an alternative image is specified for a VIM type, it will prevail over the default image See: vnfd-base:alternative-images
<code>count</code>	<code>uint64</code>	Number of instances of VDU
<code>description</code>	<code>string</code>	Description of the VDU.
<code>guest-epa</code>		See: manotypes:guest-epa
<code>host-epa</code>		Specifies the host level EPA attributes. See: manotypes:host-epa
<code>hypervisor-epa</code>		See: manotypes:hypervisor-epa
<code>id</code>	<code>string</code>	Unique id for the VDU
<code>image</code>	<code>string</code>	Image name for the software image. If the image name is found within the VNF package it will be uploaded to all VIM accounts during onboarding process. Otherwise, the image must be added to the VIM account with the same name as entered here.
<code>image-checksum</code>	<code>string</code>	Image md5sum for the software image. The md5sum, if provided, along with the image name uniquely identifies an image uploaded to the CAL.
<code>interface</code>	<code>list[1...N]</code>	List of Interfaces (external and internal) for the VNF See: vnfd-base:interface



internal-connection-point	list[1...N]	List for internal connection points. Each VNFC has zero or more internal connection points. Internal connection points are used for connecting the VNF with components internal to the VNF. If a VNF has only one VNFC, it may not have any internal connection points. See: vnfd-base:internal-connection-point
mgmt-vpci	string	Specifies the virtual PCI address. Expressed in the following format dddd:dd:dd.d . For example: 0000:00:12.0. This information can be used to pass as metadata during the VM creation.
name	string	Unique name for the VDU
supplemental-boot-data		See: manotypes:supplemental-boot-data
vdu-configuration		See: vnfd-base:vdu-configuration
vm-flavor		See: manotypes:vm-flavor
volumes	list[1...N]	See: vnfd-base:volumes
vswitch-epa		See: manotypes:vswitch-epa

vnfd-base:alarm

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
actions		See: manotypes:actions
alarm-id	string	This field is reserved for the identifier assigned by the VIM provider
description	string	A description of this alarm
enabled	boolean default: 'true'	This flag indicates whether the alarm has been enabled or disabled.
evaluations	uint32	Defines the length of time (seconds) in which metric data are collected in order to evaluate the chosen statistic.
metric	alarm-metric-type	The metric to be tracked by this alarm. Possible values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> CPU_UTILIZATION MEMORY_UTILIZATION STORAGE_UTILIZATION
name	string	A human readable string to identify the alarm
operation	alarm-operation-type	The relational operator used to define whether an alarm should be triggered in certain scenarios, such as if the metric statistic goes above or below a specified value. Possible values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> GE: greater than or equal



		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • LE: less than or equal • GT: greater than • LT: less than • EQ: equal
period	uint32	The period defines the length of time (seconds) that the metric data are collected over in order to evaluate the chosen statistic.
repeat	boolean default: 'true'	This flag indicates whether the alarm should be repeatedly emitted while the associated threshold has been crossed.
severity	alarm-severity-type	A measure of the importance or urgency of the alarm
statistic	alarm-statistic-type	The type of metric statistic that is tracked by this alarm. Possible values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • AVERAGE • MINIMUM • MAXIMUM • COUNT • SUM
value	decimal64	This value defines the threshold that, if crossed, will trigger the alarm.
vdur-id	string	The identifier of the VDUR that the alarm is associated with

manotypes:actions

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
alarm	list[1...N]	See: manotypes:alarm
insufficient-data	list[1...N]	See: manotypes:insufficient-data
ok	list[1...N]	See: manotypes:ok

manotypes:alarm

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
url	string	URL that should trigger the action

manotypes:insufficient-data

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
url	string	URL that should trigger the action



manotypes:ok

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
url	string	URL that should trigger the action

vnfd-base:alternative-images

List of alternative images per VIM type. Different images can be used for specific types of VIMs instead of the default image. This allows deployments in sites where the image identifier in the VIM is given by the VIM provider and cannot be modified. If an alternative image is specified for a VIM type, it will prevail over the default image

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
image	string	Image name for the software image. If the image name is found within the VNF package it will be uploaded to all VIM accounts during onboarding process. Otherwise, the image must be added to the VIM account with the same name as entered here.
image-checksum	string	Image md5sum for the software image. The md5sum, if provided, along with the image name uniquely identifies an image uploaded to the CAL.
vim-type	string	VIM type: openvim, openstack, vmware, aws, etc.

Deviation: cloud-init-input

Indicates how the contents of cloud-init script are provided. There are 2 choices - inline or in a file

Depending on the value of **cloud-init-input**, **vdv** may have additional fields.

When cloud-init-input is 'filename'

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
cloud-init-file	string	Name of file with contents of cloud-init script in cloud-config format

When cloud-init-input is 'inline'

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
cloud-init	string	Contents of cloud-init script, provided inline, in cloud-config format

manotypes:guest-epa

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
-------	------	-------------



cpu-pinning-policy	enumeration default: 'ANY'	<p>CPU pinning policy describes association between virtual CPUs in guest and the physical CPUs in the host.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DEDICATED : Virtual CPUs are pinned to physical CPUs • SHARED : Multiple VMs may share the same physical CPUs. • ANY : Any policy is acceptable for the VM
cpu-thread-pinning-policy	enumeration	<p>CPU thread pinning policy describes how to place the guest CPUs when the host supports hyper threads:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • AVOID : Avoids placing a guest on a host with threads. • SEPARATE: Places vCPUs on separate cores, and avoids placing two vCPUs on two threads of same core. • ISOLATE : Places each vCPU on a different core, and places no vCPUs from a different guest on the same core. • PREFER : Attempts to place vCPUs on threads of the same core.
mempage-size	enumeration	<p>Memory page allocation size. If a VM requires hugepages, it should choose LARGE or SIZE_2MB or SIZE_1GB. If the VM prefers hugepages it should choose PREFER_LARGE.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • LARGE : Require hugepages (either 2MB or 1GB) • SMALL : Doesn't require hugepages • SIZE_2MB : Requires 2MB hugepages • SIZE_1GB : Requires 1GB hugepages • PREFER_LARGE : Application prefers hugepages
pcie-device	list[1...N]	<p>List of pcie passthrough devices. See: manotypes:pcie-device</p>
trusted-execution	boolean	<p>This VM should be allocated from trusted pool</p>

Deviation: numa-policy

Depending on the value of **numa-policy**, **guest-epa** may have additional fields.

When numa-policy is 'numa-aware'

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
numa-node-policy		<p>This policy defines NUMA topology of the guest. Specifically identifies if the guest should be run on a host with one NUMA node or multiple NUMA nodes. As an example a guest might need 8 VCPUs and 4 GB of memory. However, it might need the VCPUs and memory distributed across multiple NUMA nodes. In this scenario, NUMA node 1 could run with 6 VCPUs and 3GB, and NUMA node 2 could run with 2 VCPUs and 1GB.</p>



See: [manotypes:numa-node-policy](#)

manotypes:numa-node-policy

This policy defines NUMA topology of the guest. Specifically identifies if the guest should be run on a host with one NUMA node or multiple NUMA nodes. As an example a guest might need 8 VCPUs and 4 GB of memory. However, it might need the VCPUs and memory distributed across multiple NUMA nodes. In this scenario, NUMA node 1 could run with 6 VCPUs and 3GB, and NUMA node 2 could run with 2 VCPUs and 1GB.

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
mem-policy	enumeration	This policy specifies how the memory should be allocated in a multi-node scenario. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • STRICT : The memory must be allocated strictly from the memory attached to the NUMA node. • PREFERRED : The memory should be allocated preferentially from the memory attached to the NUMA node
node	list[1...N]	See: manotypes:node
node-cnt	uint16	The number of NUMA nodes to expose to the VM.

manotypes:node

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
id	uint64	NUMA node identification. Typically it's 0 or 1
memory-mb	uint64	Memory size expressed in MB for this NUMA node.
vcpu	list[1...N]	List of VCPUs to allocate on this NUMA node. See: manotypes:vcpu

Deviation: om-numa-type

OpenMANO NUMA type selection

Depending on the value of **om-numa-type**, **node** may have additional fields.

When om-numa-type is 'cores'

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
num-cores	uint8	Number of cores

When om-numa-type is 'paired-threads'

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
paired-threads		See: manotypes:paired-threads



When om-numa-type is 'threads'

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
num-threads	uint8	

manotypes:vcpu

List of VCPUs to allocate on this NUMA node.

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
id	uint64	List of VCPUs ids to allocate on this NUMA node

When numa-policy is 'numa-unaware'

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
numa-unaware	empty	No policy is defined

manotypes:pcie-device

List of pcie passthrough devices.

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
count	uint64	Number of devices to attach to the VM.
device-id	string	Device identifier.

manotypes:host-epa

Specifies the host level EPA attributes.

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
cpu-arch	enumeration	Host CPU architecture. Possible values: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• PREFER_X86• REQUIRE_X86• PREFER_X86_64• REQUIRE_X86_64• PREFER_I686• REQUIRE_I686• PREFER_IA64• REQUIRE_IA64• PREFER_ARMV7• REQUIRE_ARMV7• PREFER_ARMV8



		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • REQUIRE_ARMV8
cpu-core-count	uint64	Number of cores on the host.
cpu-core-thread-count	uint64	Number of threads per cores on the host.
cpu-feature	list[1...N]	List of CPU features. See: manotypes:cpu-feature
cpu-model	enumeration	Host CPU model. Possible values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • PREFER_WESTMERE • REQUIRE_WESTMERE • PREFER_SANDYBRIDGE • REQUIRE_SANDYBRIDGE • PREFER_IVYBRIDGE • REQUIRE_IVYBRIDGE • PREFER_HASWELL • REQUIRE_HASWELL • PREFER_BROADWELL • REQUIRE_BROADWELL • PREFER_NEHALEM • REQUIRE_NEHALEM • PREFER_PENRYN • REQUIRE_PENRYN • PREFER_CONROE • REQUIRE_CONROE • PREFER_CORE2DUO • REQUIRE_CORE2DUO
cpu-socket-count	uint64	Number of sockets on the host.
cpu-vendor	enumeration	Host CPU Vendor. Possible values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • PREFER_INTEL • REQUIRE_INTEL • PREFER_AMD • REQUIRE_AMD
om-cpu-feature	list[1...N]	List of OpenMANO CPU features See: manotypes:om-cpu-feature
om-cpu-model-string	string	OpenMANO CPU model string

manotypes:cpu-feature

List of CPU features.

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
feature	cpu-feature-type	CPU feature. Possible values: { REQUIRE PREFER }_{ X }, where X is: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • AES: CPU supports advanced instruction set for AES (Advanced Encryption Standard).



- **CAT:** Cache Allocation Technology (CAT) allows an Operating System, Hypervisor, or similar system management agent to specify the amount of L3 cache (currently the last-level cache in most server and client platforms) space an application can fill (as a hint to hardware functionality, certain features such as power management may override CAT settings).
- **CMT:** Cache Monitoring Technology (CMT) allows an Operating System, Hypervisor, or similar system management agent to determine the usage of cache based on applications running on the platform. The implementation is directed at L3 cache monitoring (currently the last-level cache in most server and client platforms).
- **DDIO:** Intel Data Direct I/O (DDIO) enables Ethernet server NICs and controllers talk directly to the processor cache without a detour via system memory. This enumeration specifies if the VM requires a DDIO capable host.

manotypes:om-cpu-feature

List of OpenMANO CPU features

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
feature	string	CPU feature

manotypes:hypervisor-epa

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
type	enumeration	Specifies the type of hypervisor. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • KVM: KVM • XEN: XEN
version	string	

vnfd-base:interface

List of Interfaces (external and internal) for the VNF

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
mac-address	string	MAC address of the interface. Some VNFs require a specific MAC address to be configured in the interface. While this is not recommended at all in NFV environments, this parameter exists to allow those scenarios. This parameter will be likely deprecated in the future.
name	string	Name of the interface. Note that this name has only local significance to the VDU.



position	uint32	Explicit Position of the interface within the list
type	interface-type default: 'EXTERNAL'	Type of the Interface (INTERNAL or EXTERNAL)
virtual-interface		Container for the virtual interface properties. See: vnfd-base:virtual-interface

Deviation: connection-point-type

Depending on the value of **connection-point-type**, **interface** may have additional fields.

When connection-point-type is 'external'

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
external-connection-point-ref	leafref	Leaf Ref to the particular external connection point '../..../connection-point/name'

When connection-point-type is 'internal'

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
internal-connection-point-ref	leafref	Leaf Ref to the particular internal connection point '../..../internal-connection-point/id'

vnfd-base:virtual-interface

Container for the virtual interface properties.

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
bandwidth	uint64	Aggregate bandwidth of the NIC.
type	enumeration default: 'VIRTIO'	Specifies the type of virtual interface between VM and host. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • VIRTIO : Use the traditional VIRTIO interface. • PCI-PASSTHROUGH : Use PCI-PASSTHROUGH interface. • SR-IOV : Use SR-IOV interface. • E1000 : Emulate E1000 interface. • RTL8139 : Emulate RTL8139 interface. • PCNET : Emulate PCNET interface. • OM-MGMT : Deprecated! Use VIRTIO instead and set the VNF management interface at vnfd:mgmt-interface:cp
vpci	string	Specifies the virtual PCI address. Expressed in the following format dddd:dd:dd.d. For example 0000:00:12.0. This information can be used to pass as metadata during the VM creation.



manotypes:supplemental-boot-data

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
boot-data-drive	boolean default: 'false'	Some VIMs implement additional drives to host config-files or meta-data
config-file	list[1...N]	List of configuration files to be written on an additional drive See: manotypes:config-file

manotypes:config-file

List of configuration files to be written on an additional drive

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
dest	string	Full path of the destination in the guest
source	string	Name of the configuration file

vnfd-base:vdu-configuration

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
config-primitive	list[1...N]	List of config primitives supported by the configuration agent for this VNF or VDU. See: manotypes:config-primitive
initial-config-primitive	list[1...N]	Initial set of configuration primitives. See: manotypes:initial-config-primitive

Deviation: config-method

Defines the configuration method for the VNF or VDU.

Depending on the value of **config-method**, **vdu-configuration** may have additional fields.

When config-method is 'juju'

Configure the VNF or VDU through Juju.

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
juju		See: manotypes:juju

When config-method is 'script'

Use custom script for configuring the VNF or VDU. This script is executed in the context of Orchestrator (The same system and environment as the Launchpad).

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
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script See: [manotypes:script](#)

manotypes:config-primitive

List of config primitives supported by the configuration agent for this VNF or VDU.

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
name	string	Name of the config primitive.
parameter	list[1...N]	List of parameters to the config primitive. See: manotypes:parameter
user-defined-script	string	A user defined script. If user defined script is defined, the script will be executed using bash

manotypes:initial-config-primitive

Initial set of configuration primitives.

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
seq	uint64	Sequence number for the configuration primitive.

Deviation: primitive-type

Depending on the value of **primitive-type**, **initial-config-primitive** may have additional fields.

When primitive-type is 'primitive-definition'

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
name	string	Name of the configuration primitive.
parameter	list[1...N]	List of parameters to the configuration primitive. See: manotypes:parameter
user-defined-script	string	A user defined script.

manotypes:vm-flavor

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
memory-mb	uint64	Amount of memory in MB.
storage-gb	uint64	Amount of disk space in GB.
vcpu-count	uint16	Number of VCPUs for the VM.

vnfd-base:volumes

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
-------	------	-------------



description	string	Description for Volume
device-bus	enumeration	Type of disk-bus on which this disk is exposed to guest (ide, usb, virtio, scsi)
device-type	enumeration	The type of device as exposed to guest (disk, cdroom, floppy, lun)
name	string	Name of the disk-volumes, e.g. vda, vdb etc
size	uint64	Size of disk in GB

Deviation: volume-source

Defines the source of the volume. Possible options are:

1. Ephemeral – Empty disk
2. Image – Refer to image to be used for volume
3. Volume – Reference of pre-existing volume to be used

Depending on the value of **volume-source**, **volumes** may have additional fields.

When volume-source is 'ephemeral'

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
ephemeral	empty	

When volume-source is 'image'

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
image	string	Image name for the software image. If the image name is found within the VNF package it will be uploaded to all VIM accounts during onboarding process. Otherwise, the image must be added to the VIM account with the same name as entered here.
image-checksum	string	Image md5sum for the software image. The md5sum, if provided, along with the image name uniquely identifies an image uploaded to the CAL.

manotypes:vswitch-epa

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
ovs-acceleration	enumeration	Specifies Open vSwitch acceleration mode. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • MANDATORY: OVS acceleration is required • PREFERRED: OVS acceleration is preferred
ovs-offload	enumeration	Specifies Open vSwitch hardware offload mode. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • MANDATORY: OVS offload is required • PREFERRED: OVS offload is preferred

vnfd-base:vdu-dependency

List of VDU dependencies.

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
vdu-depends-on-ref	leafref	Reference to the VDU on which the source VDU depends. '../..vdu/id'
vdu-source-ref	leafref	'../..vdu/id'

vnfd-base:vnf-configuration

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
config-primitive	list[1...N]	List of config primitives supported by the configuration agent for this VNF or VDU. See: manotypes:config-primitive
initial-config-primitive	list[1...N]	Initial set of configuration primitives. See: manotypes:initial-config-primitive

5.3 Module: pnf

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
pnfd-catalog		See: pnfd:pnfd-catalog

5.3.1 pnf:pnfd-catalog

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
pnfd	list[1...N]	See: pnfd:pnfd

pnfd:pnfd

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
category	string[1...N]	List of categories that can be used to group PNFs providing similar features, e.g. routing , access-point .
connection-point	list[1...N]	List for external connection points. Each PNF has one or more external connection points. See: pnfd:connection-point
description	string	Description of the PNFD.
id	uuid	Identifier for the PNFD.



```
pattern: ['[0-9a-fA-F]{8}-
[0-9a-fA-F]{4}-[0-9a-fA-
F]{4}-[0-9a-fA-F]{4}-[0-9a-
fA-F]{12}']
```

logical-type	string	Different network functions can be implemented in different ways and by different vendors, but perform basically equivalent logical operations. This field should be used to identify a high-level type that abstract the chosen implementation, allowing similar PNFs to be identified. Examples: firewall, ids, sbc, cpe ...
name	string	PNFD name.
short-name	string	Short name to appear as label in the UI
vendor	string	Vendor of the PNFD.
version	string	Version of the PNFD

pnfd:connection-point

List for external connection points. Each PNF has one or more external connection points.

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
cp-type	connection-point-type	Type of the connection point.
id	uint64	Identifier for the external connection points

5.4 Module: vnffgd

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
vnffgd-catalog		See: vnffgd:vnffgd-catalog

5.4.1 vnffgd:vnffgd-catalog

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
vnffgd	list[1...N]	List of VNF Forwarding Graph Descriptors (VNFFGD). See: vnffgd:vnffgd

vnffgd:vnffgd↓

List of VNF Forwarding Graph Descriptors (VNFFGD).

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
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classifier	list[1...N]	List of classifier rules. See: vnffgd:classifier
description	string	Description of the VNFFGD.
id	uuid pattern: ['[0-9a-fA-F]{8}-[0-9a-fA-F]{4}-[0-9a-fA-F]{4}-[0-9a-fA-F]{4}-[0-9a-fA-F]{12}']	Identifier for the VNFFGD.
name	string	VNF Forwarding Graph Descriptor name.
rsp	list[1...N]	List of Rendered Service Paths (RSP). See: vnffgd:rsp
short-name	string	Short name to appear as label in the UI
vendor	string	Provider of the VNFFGD.
version	string	Version of the VNFFGD

vnffgd:classifier

List of classifier rules.

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
Id	string	Identifier for the classifier rule.
match-attributes	list[1...N]	List of match attributes. See: vnffgd:match-attributes
Name	string	Name of the classifier.
rsp-id-ref	leafref	A reference to the RSP. '../..//rsp/id'
vnfd-connection-point-name-ref	leafref	A reference to a connection point name in a vnfd. '/vnfd:vnfd-catalog/vnfd:vnfd[vnfd:id = current()]/../vnfd-id-ref]/vnfd:connection-point/vnfd:name'
vnfd-id-ref	leafref	A reference to a vnfd. '/vnfd:vnfd-catalog/vnfd:vnfd/vnfd:id'

vnffgd:match-attributes

List of match attributes.

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
destination-ip-address	ip-address	Destination IP address.
destination-port	port-number	Destination port number.
Id	string	Identifier for the classifier match attribute rule.



ip-proto	uint8	IP Protocol.
source-ip-address	ip-address	Source IP address.
source-port	port-number	Source port number.

vnffgd:rsp

List of Rendered Service Paths (RSP).

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
Id	string	Identifier for the RSP.
Name	string	RSP name.
vnfd-connection-point-ref	list[1...N]	A list of references to connection points. See: vnffgd:vnfd-connection-point-ref

vnffgd:vnfd-connection-point-ref

A list of references to connection points.

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
Order	uint8	A number that denotes the order of a VNF in a chain
vnfd-connection-point-name-ref	leafref	A reference to a connection point name in a vnfd. '/vnfd:vnfd-catalog/vnfd:vnfd[vnfd:id = current()/../vnfd-id-ref]/vnfd:connection-point/vnfd:name'
vnfd-id-ref	leafref	A reference to a vnfd. '/vnfd:vnfd-catalog/vnfd:vnfd/vnfd:id'

5.5 Module: vld

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
vld-catalog		See: vld:vld-catalog

5.5.1 vld:vld-catalog

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
vld	list[1...N]	See: vld:vld

vld:vld

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
description	string	Description of the VLD.



id	uuid pattern: ['[0-9a-fA-F]{8}-[0-9a-fA-F]{4}-[0-9a-fA-F]{4}-[0-9a-fA-F]{4}-[0-9a-fA-F]{12}']	Identifier for the VLD.
leaf-bandwidth	uint64	For ELAN this is the bandwidth of branches.
name	string	Virtual Link Descriptor (VLD) name.
provider-network		Container for the provider network. See: manotypes:provider-network
root-bandwidth	uint64	For ELAN this is the aggregate bandwidth.
short-name	string	Short name for VLD for UI
type	virtual-link-type	
vendor	string	Provider of the VLD.
version	string	Version of the VLD
vnfd-connection-point-ref	list[1...N]	A list of references to connection points. See: vld:vnfd-connection-point-ref

vld:vnfd-connection-point-ref

A list of references to connection points.

The following fields are defined:

Field	Type	Description
member-vnf-index-ref	uint64	A reference to the constituent-vnfd id in nsd
vnfd-connection-point-ref	leafref	A reference to a connection point name in a vnfd '/vnfd:vnfd-catalog/vnfd:vnfd/vnfd:connection-point/vnfd:name'
vnfd-ref	leafref	A reference to a vnfd '/vnfd:vnfd-catalog/vnfd:vnfd/vnfd:id'

6 Conclusions

Following the reference architecture presented in MATILDA D1.1 [3], this deliverable presented a set of metamodels that will be used within MATILDA to establish network connectivity for the different parts of the 5G-ready Application Graph and to link computational nodes in a multi-side datacentre environment.

Models derived from the Network Service Descriptor will be used within the MATILDA framework in the north bound application programmable interface of the infrastructure provider administrative zone, so structured information can be exchanged between MATILDA Slice Broker and the telecommunication company OSS/BSS. Models derived from the other presented metamodels (VNFDs, PNFDs, VLDs and VNFFGDs) are referenced by the NSDs and provide the required information for using network functions (virtualised or not) and creating rich network topologies between them, following network requirements that are able to capture to business specificities.

The same metamodels will form the basis for the MATILDA ecosystem and community surrounding the Marketplace, by allowing developers to publish pieces of software that respect a unified interface and can be easily adopted by telecommunication companies and service providers that target different vertical industries.

Finally, despite of adopting the OSM approach [2], network services created with the framework will be reusable outside of MATILDA, since the descriptors can be easily translated to other formats, being virtually compatible with most of the existing solutions for VNF orchestration, thanks to the increasingly adoption of the ETSI standards they are based on.

The contents presented here will be complemented by similar documents created in MATILDA's first work package WP1 that describe related metamodels, specially the Slice Intent metamodel in D1.4 [5]. Moreover, the outputs of this deliverable will serve as input for the implementation work that will be performed in the following work packages, 2, 3 and 4.



7 References

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